



Ofcom form OfW 435

Variation Form for a Business Radio Technically Assigned Licence

- Before filling out this form, please read these notes.
 If you are unsure how to complete any part of this form, please refer to the Guidance Notes at the end of the form.
- 2. Please use BLOCK CAPITALS and black ink throughout this form.
- 3. Incomplete or illegible forms may result in delays and/or the form being returned.
- 4. If you make a variation to your licence that will result in an increase to your licence fee, the fee difference will be prorated for the remaining months until your next renewal and charged at that point. The Wireless Telegraphy (Licence Charges) Regulations set out the fees for licences to use radio equipment issued under the Wireless Telegraphy Act. Information on how to calculate your licence fee can be found on the Ofcom website.

5. How we use your data

We require this information in order to carry out our licensing duties under the Wireless Telegraphy Act.

Please see Ofcom's General Privacy Statement for further information about how Ofcom handles your personal information and your corresponding right:

www.ofcom.org.uk/about-ofcom/foi-dp/general-privacy-statement

A Purpose				
Please provide your customer reference number and the number of the licence that you wish to vary:				
Customer reference number	Г			
Licence number				
active number	L			
Do you wish to:				
1. Vary your customer details?		Please tick and go	o to section B	
2. Vary your technical details?		Please tick and go	o to section C	
B Customer details				
B.1 If you are an existing licensee please pro number and go to question B5. If not, plo				
B.2 Who is the licence to be issued to? A licence can only be issued to a legal ent	ity. Ofcom recognises th	e following types of e	entity. Please tick the relevant box:	
individual or sole trader	public body		non UK govt/administration	
partnership	registered charity		non UK company	
limited company/plc	university/education	onal	unincorporated association	
government/local government	crown body		community interest company	
royal charter	religious body			
Individual or sole trader	F	ull name		
Partnership	F	ull name		
NB: For a partnership, please give the full name of of all other partners in the declaration.	one partner (who must als	o sign the declaration o	n page 11) and supply a list of the full names	
For other legal entities	F	ull name		
Registration Number (where applicable). For ex as shown on Companies House or the Charity R				
If your organisation is a registered charity, does as its objective, the safety of human life in an e		Yes	No	

B.3	Licensee address	
	• Limited companies should use the registered address from http://www.companieshouse.gov.uk	Address
	 Registered charities should use the address from https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/ charity-commission 	Postcode
	For all other Licensees, please use your main business address	Tel E-mail
	Please tick this box if you are happy for all correspondence address provided above.	
B.4	Business trading name	
B.5	Licence contact name and address (where different from above)	Name
		Address
	NB: This is the person who is responsible for the licence and will receive all important documents including:	
	Validation notice (licence amendment reminder)	
	Notice of Proposed Revocation (where applicable)Revocation notice (where applicable)	Postcode
	Surrender letters	Tel
	Trade documents (if no details added in section A.8)	E-mail E-mail
	Please tick this box if you are happy for all correspondence address	sed to the Licensee to be sent to the email address you have
	provided above.	
B.6	Contact name and address for payments or	Name
	account queries (where different)	Traine
		Address
	NB: This is the person who will receive invoices and	Address
	NB: This is the person who will receive invoices and reminders when payments are due.	Address
		Postcode
		Postcode
		Postcode Tel
		Postcode Tel Fax
	reminders when payments are due.	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail
		Postcode Tel Fax E-mail
B.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated
B.7	reminders when payments are due. If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box.	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated Name
B.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated
B.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated Name
В.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated Name
B.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated Name Address Postcode
В.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated Name Address Postcode Tel Tel
В.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated Name Address Postcode Tel Fax
B.7	If an email address is provided, we will send all correspondence ad that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box. If you are applying via a third party (e.g. radio supplier,	Postcode Tel Fax E-mail dressed to the Licensee by this method, unless you have indicated Name Address Postcode Tel Fax E-mail

B.8 Contact name and address for licence trades		Name		
		Address		
		Postcode		
		Tel		
		Fax		
		E-mail		
If an email address is provided, we will send all correspond that you do not wish us to do so by ticking this box.	dence addr	essed to the L	icensee by this method,	unless you have indicated
B.9 If you wish to apply for a licence period of less than 12 months, please indicate the duration required	l		Months	
B.10 If you are an existing customer and wish to harmo				
the renewal date of your new licence with the rene date of an existing licence, please enter the prefer		Day	Month	Year
renewal date				
C Technical details				
C.1 How do you wish to vary your technical details?				
BASE STATION	Add	Please	tick and complete sect	ion D
	Modify	Please	tick and complete sect	ion D
	Delete	Please	tick and complete sect	ion H
OPERATIONAL AREA	Add	Please	tick and complete sect	ion E
	Modify	Please	tick and complete sect	ion E
	Delete	Please	tick and complete sect	ion H
SPECTRUM	Add	Please	tick and complete page	e 9
	Modify	Please	tick and complete page	e 10
	Delete	Please	tick and complete sect	ion H
REMOTE CONTROL POINT	Add	Please	tick and complete sect	ion G
	Modify	Please	tick and complete sect	ion G
	Delete	Please	tick and complete sect	ion H

D	Base station details	
D.1	If you are modifying an existing base station, please specify the number of the existing base station that you wish to modify: (This number should align with the relevant base station number shown on the technical schedule of your current licence document)	
D.1	Base Station Location* (choose one of the following possibility)	ilities to input the data)
	GB National Grid Reference (1 metre accuracy, e.g. TQ 32284 80497) OR	T Q 3 2 2 8 4 8 0 4 9 7 (2 Letters; 5-figure Easting; 5-figure Northing)
	Latitude	5 1 °N 3 0 2 8 5 4 0
51	Longitude 1N:30:28.540 0W:5:43.005	0 0 °E/W 0 5 4 3 0 0 5
	It is vital that this information is accurate, as errors could lead to an a	(circle E or W as appropriate) pplication being declined.
D.3	Site address	Address
		Postcode
D.4	Site contact name and address	Name
		Address
		Postcode
		Tel
		Fax
		E-mail
D.5	If you are adding a new station, please specify your Custor	mer Requested Service Area
0.5	Circle radius:	0 0 1 km
	The assignment will take the customer requested service area (CRSA) and use this with the supplied technical parameters and
	the boundaries of this coverage, the service threshold will be as	forms part of the terms and conditions of the granted licence. At ssumed to be -104 dBm per 12.5 KHz.
D.6	Additional services:	
D.0	a) Talkthrough	
	b) Trunking (note this will require exclusive assignment type)	
D.7	Assignment type	
	Shared Exclusive The assignment type that you choose will apply to all channel.	els associated with this station

D.8 Callsign/System ID D.9 Mobile ERP 0 1 W
D.10 Antenna location Outdoor Indoor Underground
D.11 Antenna height 0 0 1 m D.12 Antenna ERP 0 0 1 W (in metres above ground level)
D.12 Antenna type Omni-directional Radiating cable Down-fire Directional (If directional is chosen, please also complete question 14) Angle of tilt (where applicable) 2 3 ° down/up (delete where appropriate) Gain 0 1 dB (relative to a half-wave dipole)
D.13 Directional antenna type (only applicable if the directional antenna option is chosen in D.12) Offset Omni Yagi Cardioid Figure-of-Eight Azimuth Beam width O O 1 degrees Front-to-back ratio O 1 dB
OPTIONAL D.14 Advanced antenna options HCM Antenna Codes Horizontal

<u> </u>	Operational area details	
E.1	If you are modifying an existing operational area, please specify the number of the existing operational area that you wish to modify: (This number should align with the relevant operational area number shown on the technical schedule of your current licence document)	
E.2	Centre of operational area* (choose one of the following policy of the followi	T Q 3 2 2 8 4 8 0 4 9 7 (2 Letters; 5-figure Easting; 5-figure Northing) 5 1 °N 3 0 2 8 5 4 0 0 0 °E/W 0 5 4 3 0 0 5 (circle E or W as appropriate)
E.3	Radius of operational area	0 1 km (maximum of 30 kms permitted)
E.4	Site address	Address Postcode
E.5	Site contact name and address	Name Address Postcode Tel Fax E-mail
E.6	Assignment type Shared Exclusive The assignment type that you choose will apply to all channel.	ls associated with this operational area
E.7	Callsign/System ID	
E.8	Mobile ERP 0 1 W	

F	Spectrum details					
ADD SPECTRUM						
	new channel(s) be associated wit se station/operational area	h an existing base station/ope ?	rational area	or		
If existing	g, please specify the base station					
		This number can be found on th	e technical sch	edule of your	current licenc	e document)
	ase indicate your preferred choice it may not be possible to assign yo		o indicate a sec	cond choice.)		
	Paging 26.225 to 49.49375 MHz	E	Sand 1 5.75 to 68.0 M			
	VHF-Low 68.08125 to 87.49375 MHz	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	/HF-Mid .37.9625 to 165.			
	VHF-High 165.04375 to 173.09375 MHz		Sand III 77.20625 to 19	1.49375 MHz		
	UHF-1 ° 425.00625 to 449.49375 MHz		JHF-2 50.0 to 470.0 N	ИHz		
C	Please note that assignments in UHF1 ordination with other users of the bar	nd. Also, duplex				
C	hannels are only available in certain	major conurbations				
	ase indicate if the proposed syst digital	em is analogue	Analogue		Digital	
F.3 Ho	w many channels do you require		No. of dual requency char	nels	No. of single frequency ch	
					Trequency cit	
F.4 Ple	ase specify the channel bandwic	6.25 kH	z 12.5	kHz	25 kHz	Other
F.5 Hov	w many signalling codes per cha	nnel do you require?	TCSS	DCS	DMR a	ccess code
OPTIONA	ıL					
	you have a minimum channel so nerally only applicable for trunke		kl	Hz		
F.7 Do	you have a preferred Base and/o	or Mobile transmit frequency?				
	Base transmit frequency (MHz)	Mobile transmit frequency (MHz)	Channel Bandwidth (kHz) optional	Preferred CTCSS optional	Preferred DCS optional	DMR access code optional
Channel 1	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5				
Channel 2	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5				
Channel 3	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5				
Channel 4	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5				
Channel 5	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5	1 6 5 . 0 4 3 7 5				

F.8	If you will be using IR2008 technolo	ology, please complete the following:				
	Timeslot type:	250 milliseconds 500 millise	econds			
	No. of base transmit timeslots	No. of mobile transmit timeslots				
	OPTIONAL – Please circle preferred ti	meslots:				
	Base 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Mobile 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8				
	IFY SPECTRUM					
Pleas	e specify the base station/operation	al area number which the channel details y	ou wish to modify are associated with			
F.9	Please make amendments to existin	g channel details using the table below				
,	Parameter	Current	Proposed			
	Base tx frequency (MHz)		·			
	Mobile tx frequency (MHz)					
	Channel bandwidth (kHz)					
	CTCSS Code					
	DCS Code					
	DMR access code					
	Base tx timeslots (circle)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	Mobile tx timeslots (circle)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	Base tx frequency (MHz)					
	Mobile tx frequency (MHz)					
	Channel bandwidth (kHz)					
	CTCSS Code					
	DCS Code					
	DMR access code					
	Base tx timeslots (circle)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	Mobile tx timeslots (circle)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	Base tx frequency (MHz)					
	Mobile tx frequency (MHz)					
	Channel bandwidth (kHz)					
	CTCSS Code					
	DCS Code					
	DMR access code					
	Base tx timeslots (circle)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	Mobile tx timeslots (circle)	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			

G Remote Control Points (RCP)

This section should only be completed for RCPs using Reverse Frequency Working as the control method. RCPs using other control methods, e.g. landline, do not need to be captured

	ADD RCP				
Will the new RCP be associated with an existing base station or a new base station? (tick relevant box)					
If existing, please specify the base station number that the new RCP will be associated with: (This number can be found on the technical schedule of your current licence document)					
(11113	Hamber can be found on the technical schedule of your carre	nt tiethee documents			
MOD	OIFY RCP				
Pleas	se specify the NGR of the RCP you wish to modify				
and t	the base station number of the existing base station that th	s RCP is associated with			
(Thes	se details can be found on the technical schedule of your curre	ent licence document)			
C 1	Control of amounting a prop* /chance and of the following of	peribilities to input the data)			
G.1	Centre of operational area* (choose one of the following po	ossibilities to input the data)			
	GB National Grid Reference (1 metre accuracy, e.g. TQ 32284 80497)	T Q 3 2 2 8 4 8 0 4 9 7			
	OR	(2 Letters; 5-figure Easting; 5-figure Northing)			
	Latitude	5 1 °N 3 0 2 8 5 4 0			
	Longitude	0 0 °E/W 0 5 4 3 0 0 5			
	51N:30:28.540 OW:5:43.005	(circle E or W as appropriate)			
	*It is vital that this information is accurate, as errors could lead to a	n application being declined.			
G.2	RCP address	Address			
		Postcode			
G.3	RCP contact name and address	Name			
u.5	Ker contact hame and address	Address			
		Address			
		Postcode			
		Tel			
		Fax			
		E-mail			
C -	DCD cottones beight				
U.4	RCP antenna height				
	0 0 1 M (in metres above ground level)				
	The state of the s				
G.5	RCP antenna ERP				
	0 1 W				

G.6	RCP antenna type (RCP antennas must be directional antennas facing towards the main base station antenna)				
	Directional antenna type:				
	Offset Omni Yagi Cardioid Figure-of-Eight				
	Azimuth 0 0 1 degrees East of True North				
	Angle of tilt (where applicable) 2 3 ° down/up (delete where appropriate)				
	Gain 0 1 dB (relative to a half wave dipole)				

Н	Deletions				
H.1	What sort of deletion do yo	ou wish to make?			
	Base station or Operational area	Channel	Si	gnalling code	RCP
	Go to question 2	Go to question 3	G	o to question 4	Go to question 5
H.2		ion or operational area numb			
Н.3	Please specify the base stat channel(s) you wish to dele	ion/operational area number te	(s) and	the base and mobile tran	smit frequencies for the
	Base station no.	Base transmit freque	ncy	Mobile transmit freque	ncy
	(These details can be found	on the technical schedule of y	our cur	rent licence document)	
H.4	Please specify the base stat for the signalling code(s) th		(s), bas	e and mobile transmit fre	quencies and signalling code(s)
	Base station no.	Base transmit frequency	Mo	bile transmit frequency	Signalling code
	(These details can be found	on the technical schedule of y	our cur	rent licence document)	
H.5	Please specify the base stat	ion number(s) and RCP NGR(s	s) for th	ne RCP(s) you wish to delet	e
	Base station no.	RCP NGR			
	(These details can be found	on the technical schedule of y	our cur	rent licence document)	

I Declaration

I understand and accept that:

- I must keep all of my licence details, including contact information, up to date by notifying Ofcom of any changes.
- I am responsible for the payment of all licence charges and these must be paid within the time specified. This includes annual fees and any additional fees charged to me as a result of a variation to my licence.
- Ofcom may use or share my information to help:
 - a) issue, amend, validate and/or surrender a Wireless Telegraphy Act licence;
 - b) maintain and publish a register of licences under the Wireless Telegraphy Act;
- Ofcom will not give anyone my information except:
 - a) where Ofcom have my permission; or
 - b) where Ofcom are required or permitted to do so by law; or
 - c) to other companies or organisations who provide a service to Ofcom or me;
- Ofcom may transfer my information to other countries. If Ofcom does this you will ensure that anyone to whom Ofcom pass it provides an adequate level of protection;
- It is an offence to knowingly make a false statement in support of this application and may lead to the licence being
 refused or revoked as well as to possible prosecution under the Wireless Telegraphy Act.

Signature of applic	cant				For self and partners (tick if applicable)
Date of applicatior	n [Full name		
		Position in o	organisation		
• Partnerships m	nust be	applied for by one partner sign for public limited compan			ers'. A director or authorised person must sign and other legal entities.
Print name			Sig	nature	
Print name			Sig	nature	
Print name			Sig	nature	
Print name			Sig	nature	

• If the number of partners exceeds the above space then additional partner details should be provided on a separate sheet of paper in the same format and attached with this application.

Where to send this application

Please send your completed application form to:

Ofcom FAO Spectrum Licensing PO Box 1285 Warrington WA1 9GL

E-Mail spectrum.licensing@ofcom.org.uk
Tel 020 7981 3131

Guidance notes

PLEASE ALSO READ THE KEY GUIDANCE NOTES ON PAGE 2 OF THIS APPLICATION FORM. IF THESE NOTES DO NOT ANSWER YOUR QUERY PLEASE CONTACT SPECTRUM LICENSING USING THE DETAILS AT THE BOTTOM OF PAGE 11.

The quality of the licence we issue to you, including all technical information of your base station/operational area as well as any antenna information, depends on the information you provide. Therefore in order to provide the very best service it is vital that you provide the most accurate information you can in this application form. If you are in any doubt or are unsure about any of the questions, please seek technical advice from your radio supplier or other technical expert.

It is also crucial to provide accurate contact information so that we can send you any licence documents successfully and contact you if required. Where possible, provide a valid email address as we can send you any letters automatically by this method.

General information

Under the terms of the Wireless Telegraphy Act 2006, it is an offence to install or use radio apparatus, unless:

- you do so under and in accordance with a licence issued by Ofcom (the Office of Communications); or
- the apparatus is specifically exempt from licensing.

Responsibility for obtaining and paying for a licence rests with the user of the system, not with the supplier of the equipment. Due to the technical nature of some of the sections of the application form it would be prudent to complete the application with assistance from your appointed radio supplier, engineer, or technician. Submitting a licence application does not permit you to use or even install any equipment until you have been issued with a fully authorised licence from Ofcom. Also it is the licensee's responsibility to confirm that the details in the licence are correct and accurate.

Ofcom can inspect base stations for compliance against the permitted licensing terms and conditions stated under the licence. Breaches against the terms and conditions are taken seriously and if you operate outside your terms and conditions you will invalidate your licence and be using your system unlawfully. This can lead to you being issued with a fixed penalty notice or being prosecuted in a criminal court, depending on the circumstances of the breach.

Radio Interference

Since the operation of a new system may cause interference to existing users, your supplier may consider it necessary to carry out compatibility tests before you apply for your licence. Once installed and operating, your system must operate at all times within the parameters of the terms and conditions of your licence and not cause undue interference to any other wireless telegraphy equipment. If it does, you may need to stop operating until the cause of the interference has been rectified. Ofcom cannot offer any protection against interference radiated by other authorised services; however, if you do experience interference, please contact the Spectrum Licensing Team on 0300 123 1000 who will be in a position to advise you.

Applying for multiple base stations or operational areas

If you wish to apply for multiple base stations or operational areas under the same licence, you can print off and complete multiple copies of the relevant section (Section D for base stations and Section E for multiple operational areas). If you do this, please help us by writing the number of the base station/operational area at the top of each page, e.g. 'Base Station 1', 'Operational Area 1', etc. If each base station or operational area will use different channel details, please also add the corresponding base station/operational area number to the top of each copy of Section F.

For guidance on the use of infill or standby base stations please refer to the Technical Frequency Assignment Criteria (TFAC): http://licensing.ofcom.org.uk/binaries/spectrum/business-radio/technical-information/tfac/ofw164.pdf

Applying for multiple remote control points on the same base station

If you wish to apply for multiple remote control points on a base station, you can print off and complete multiple copies of Section E, following the same process of numbering the relevant copied section with the corresponding base station number.

The remainder of these guidance notes provide section by section guidance on the information requested within this application form:

Section A - Purpose

Please provide your customer reference number and the number of the licence you wish to vary.

Section B – Customer Details

Existing customers. If you already hold an Ofcom radio licence, you should write your customer reference number in the box provided. Your customer reference number will be quoted in licence documentation or correspondence that we have previously sent to you.

Technical Information when applying for a base station

Section C - Technical Details

Please tick the appropriate check-box specifying whether you wish to add, modify or delete a base station, operational area, spectrum or a remote control point

Section D - Base station details

Please note where the \triangle symbol is shown this indicates a **critical** parameter that will dramatically affect the modelling of your radio system and any errors could result in potential interference to your system and to other users. Please take care in ensuring that these details are as accurate as possible to mitigate this risk.

D.1 - Base station number

Please enter the number of the base station you wish to modify.

D.2 – Base station location \triangle

It is essential that the base station position is entered as accurately as possible so that it reflects the true location of the transmitting signal. This ensures that the predicted coverage is as accurate as possible to maximise the use of spectrum and minimise interference to other users. Positions must be accurate where possible to within at least 1m.

When submitting NGR's on the application, quoting the post code and building number that the base station is located at, may enable us to confirm the accuracy of your positional data.

The base station location refers to the location of your radio base station antenna measured to 1 metre accuracy. Please provide the information in the following format:

Latitude/Longitude (WGS84) 51:30:28.540N 0:5:43.005W

National Grid Reference – NGR (e.g. TQ 32284 80497)

This information can be checked using suitable GPS equipment (e.g. a Smartphone), a map or using online mapping tools.

There are a number of online support tools that can assist you with the conversion of postal codes into NGRs.

A suggested method to improve location accuracy could be to utilise an online mapping tool that has satellite imagery and an ability to pin reference points to reflect the antenna position. Most applications with this facility also return latitude and longitude measurements, which can either be quoted on the application or converted to NGRs.

Some examples of good and bad positional data are reflected below.

An application supplied with a 6 digit base station NGR: TQ 322 804 returns accuracy to within 100m, which in this case resulted in the base station being mapped into the Thames.

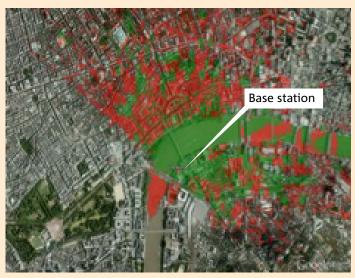


NB: The green shaded area depicts the wanted coverage area. The red shaded area depicts the unwanted sterilisation area.

Above is a representative example of poor positional data supplied, resulting in an inaccurate assignment and a need for increased coverage area protection. This reduces the availability for co-channel assignments and can result in unnecessary rejections in subsequent applications.

If the corresponding Latitude/Longitude positional data had been used it would have resulted in the following correct mapping of the base station.

Latitude/Longitude (WGS84) 51:30:28.540N 0:5:43.005W



Above is a representation of the correctly mapped base station position using Latitude and Longitude data.

D.3 - Site address

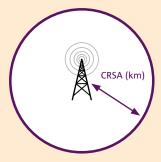
The site address is the full postal address for the base station location.

D.4 - Site contact name and address

The site contact is the person we would contact in the event that we need access to the base station antenna, e.g. in relation to interference investigations.

D.5 – Customer Requested Service Area \triangle (CRSA)

This is the area over which you wish to operate your radios (expressed as a radius distance) to meet your business needs (your system will need to be designed to cover this distance). Please define the maximum distance at which you need to operate your radios at from the base station antenna, in kilometres. Choosing a larger area may reduce your chances of receiving an assignment in some congested areas. There is a maximum permitted distance of 120km.



D.6 - Additional services

There are two additional services available: Talkthrough and Trunking.

- Talkthrough facilitates automatic communication between mobiles through a base station. If a base station is set to talkthrough mode, signals received at the base station from mobile stations are immediately retransmitted to all the other mobile units monitoring the base station's output. If you wish to use this facility, please tick the talkthrough box.
- Trunking is a spectrally efficient method of utilising a number of individual channels in a cohesive system of radio traffic management. In conventional radio systems, each mobile only has access to one radio channel.

However, with trunking, the mobiles operating on the system have access to a pool of channels. When a mobile becomes involved in communications, one of the unused channels is dynamically assigned for use. This assignment lasts for the duration of the call. After this time, the channel is returned to the pool for future use by another mobile.

If your radio system will use trunking, i.e. if it is a trunked radio system, please tick the trunking box. Please note that trunked systems are assumed to be exclusive (due to the dynamic control channel continuously transmitting).

If a static control channel is used then please advise with your application as this could increase your chances of assignment in congested areas and may provide a fee saving.

D.7 – Assignment type \triangle

The assignment type indicates whether or not a channel is:

Shared	Sharing with other users Important to use CTCSS/ DCS/Digital Access Radio Codes	Vast majority of current business radio systems are in this category Lower Fees	Assignment generally possible in more congested areas
Exclusive	No sharing within same geographical area	If your system is business/safety critical or is a trunked system. Higher Fees	Unlikely to be available in highly popular bands in major conurbations

A shared assignment refers to an assignment for which we expect that transmissions will be made up to 33% of the time in the busiest hour of operation.

An exclusive assignment refers to (a): an assignment for which we expect that transmissions will be made use of anything between 50% and 100% of the time in the busiest hour of operation, or (b): an assignment that requires extra protection because of either business or safety critical reasons.

For a technical explanation of how your assignment is calculated please refer to the Technical Frequency Assignment Criteria (TFAC): http://licensing.ofcom.org.uk/binaries/spectrum/business-radio/technical-information/tfac/ofw164.pdf

D.8 - Callsign

Callsigns are a mandatory requirement for voice systems.

Callsigns are announced at the beginning of transmissions to enable identification of the user. This is especially useful in areas where frequencies are shared with other users. The callsign must not be more than 12 alphanumeric characters in length and should not be a place name.

Please note if you are using a data application (such as GPS) callsigns are not applicable.

D.9 – Mobile ERP △

Mobile ERP refers to the power output of the mobile radio. ERP is the abbreviation for Effective Radiated Power and is measured in Watts (W). Most handheld radios will have a mobile ERP of between 0.1 and 5 Watts. Mobile radios mounted in vehicles may have a mobile ERP of up to 25 Watts. To improve your chances of receiving an assignment in congested areas please keep this to a minimum.

D.10 – Antenna Location \triangle

This identifies where the antenna will be located:

Outdoor	Antenna is located outside of any buildings	No attenuation considered No fee saving
		No ree saving
Indoor	Antenna is located within a building. It is expected there will be some building shielding	Attenuation is considered Fee saving
Underground	Antenna is located completely underground	It is assumed minimal interference will be received from above the ground Fee saving

D.11 – Antenna height \triangle

The antenna height selected will have a major effect on the coverage area for the proposed system. The antenna height is the height of the top of the antenna above ground level measured in metres (m). Please do not add in the height of the ground as our database takes care of this for you.

If you are unable to source the correct height of the antenna then a simple mathematical way of deriving an estimate of the height is provided below.

If you do not know the height of the building (installation) then there are a number of simple ways to estimate the height of a building:

Method 1: Taking a picture

You can take a picture of a building and include someone or something in the photo whose height is known. A metre ruler or person can work very well. Ensure that you place your known quantity as close to the building as possible and that you take the photo from a distance to minimise any vertical distortion. Then you can use a photo-editing program to estimate the height remembering to include the antenna height.

Method 2: Floor Estimation

You can assume that each floor in a building is approximately 3 metres. Therefore multiply the number of floors by 3 metres to get an approximated height. Add a further 3 metres for a sloped roof or zero if flat. Again, remember to include the height of the antenna.

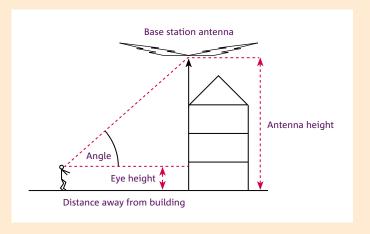
Method 3: Unit Estimation

Buildings are often constructed with bricks, blocks and other regular sized construction materials. Measure the height of a single unit and multiply this by the number on the face of the building for one level. When you have established this height then multiply this by the total number of levels to estimate the total building height. Again, don't forget to include the height of the antenna.

Method 4: Using simple trigonometry

A slightly more difficult approach but arguably more accurate is using trigonometry. What you will need to know is 1) your eye height, 2) your distance from the building and 3) the angle between the ground and the top of the antenna.

The height of the antenna can be calculated using the following:



Antenna Height = (tan (angle) x distance from building) + your eye height

An example: assume your eye height is 1.75 metres measured from the ground, the angle to the top of the antenna is 40° and you are standing 30 metres away from the building. The height would be:

Antenna Height = $\tan (40) \times 30 + 1.75$ metres Antenna Height = $0.839 \times 30 + 1.75$ metres Antenna Height = 25.17 + 1.75 metres

Antenna Height = 26.92 metres

D.12 − Antenna ERP △

Antenna ERP refers to the power output of your base station antenna. ERP is the abbreviation for Effective Radiated Power and is measured in Watts (W). The following is provided as a guide:

Typical Customer Requested Service Area	Typical ERP
0 - 1 km	0.1 - 1 W
1 - 3 km	0.25 - 2 W
3 - 10 km	2 - 5 W
10 - 30 km	5 - 10 W higher power with justification
>30 km	25 W higher power with justification

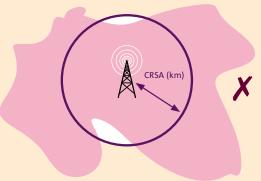
Details of the maximum ERP permitted are found in the TFAC:

http://licensing.ofcom.org.uk/binaries/spectrum/business-radio/technical-information/tfac/ofw164.pdf

Please note the ERP you wish to use must result in a radio coverage only enough to cover the areas you require to operate your radios (i.e. the Customer Requested Service Area). If it is not then you may be asked to provide justification. Examples of good and poor correlations are shown.



1. Good correlation between CRSA and ERP



2. Bad correlation between CRSA and ERP could result in a decrease in the likelihood of a successful assignment

D.13 – Antenna Type \triangle

The type of antenna that is used can have an effect on the coverage area of the proposed system. Your radio supplier should be able to advise you on the most suitable type of antenna for your radio system.

The four general antenna types that we record are described below:

NB: The below antenna patterns are for illustrative purposes only and do not reflect actual radiation patterns

Antenna Type	Summary	Diagram
Omni-directional (most common)	Provides uniform pattern of coverage in all directions	

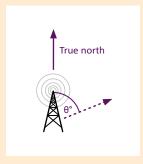
Antenna Type	Summary	Diagram
Directional	Provides greater power in one or more directions.	
	There are four main types of directional antennas — cardioid, elliptical, figure of eight and offset-omni	—
	These <i>must</i> be used when appropriate	PY
Downfire	Provides greater power in a downward direction	
	These <i>must</i> be used when appropriate	
	Can result in a fee discount	
Radiating Cable	Also known as a leaky feeder is a special type of coaxial cable which acts as an antenna and is used to provide coverage in buildings and tunnels etc.	<u> </u>
	Can result in a fee discount	

More details can be found in the TFAC:

http://licensing.ofcom.org.uk/binaries/spectrum/business-radio/technical-information/tfac/ofw164.pdf

D.14 - Directional antennas

This question should only be completed if you have ticked 'Directional antenna' in question 12. Antenna azimuth refers to the direction in which the antenna will be pointing and is measured in degrees east of true north (WGS84).



Antenna beamwidth, also known as the half-power beamwidth, is the angle of an antenna pattern or beam over which the relative power is at or above 50% of the peak power.

Antenna front to back ratio is the difference in dB between the level of the maximum radiation in the forward direction and the level of radiation at 180 degrees. This ratio indicates an antenna's ability to reject signals coming from the rear (rear rejection).

If you are unsure about any of these details, please contact your equipment supplier.

D.15 - Directional Antennas (Optional)

If you have a non-standard antenna or can provide more technical details – then in conjunction with your radio supplier and the TFAC please complete the advanced optional section.

Technical Information when applying for an operational area

Section E - Operational area details

This section should only be completed if you are not using a base station (i.e. mobile to mobile communication only).

E.1 - Please enter the number of the base station you wish to modify

E.2 – Operational area location \triangle

The location refers to the Centre of usage.

Please provide the information in the following format:

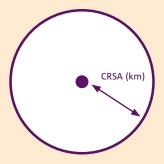
Latitude/Longitude (WGS84) 51:30:28.540N 0:5:43.005W

National Grid Reference – NGR (e.g. TQ 32284 80497)

This information can be checked using suitable GPS equipment (e.g. a Smartphone), a map or using online mapping tools. There are a number of online support tools that can assist you with the conversion of postal codes into NGRs.

E.3 - Radius of operational area

This is the distance from the centre to the edge of the area in which you use your mobiles. The permitted size of the radius of the operational area is limited to a maximum of 30km.



E.4 - Site address

The site address is defined by the location at the centre of the operational area location.

E.5 – Site contact name and address

The site contact is the person we would contact in the event that we need access to the site within which you operate your radios, e.g. in relation to interference investigations.

E.6 – Assignment Type

Please state whether you wish the assignment to be shared or exclusive

E.7 - Callsign/System ID

Callsigns are a mandatory requirement for voice systems.

Callsigns are announced at the beginning of transmissions to enable identification of the user. This is especially useful in areas where frequencies are shared with other users. The callsign must not be more than 12 alphanumeric characters in length and should not be a place name.

Please note if you are using a data application (such as GPS) callsigns are not applicable.

E.8 − Mobile ERP △

Mobile ERP refers to the power output of the mobile radio. ERP is the abbreviation for Effective Radiated Power and is measured in Watts (W). Most handheld radios will have a mobile ERP of between 0.1 and 5 Watts. Mobile radios mounted in vehicles may have a mobile ERP of up to 25 Watts. To improve your chances of receiving an assignment in congested areas please keep this to a minimum.

Section F – Spectrum details

Add spectrum

Please state whether a new channel is for an existing system or a new system. If it is for an existing system please state the base station/operational area number.

F.1 - Frequency band

You can choose a first and second choice frequency band. This is optional. Please note that some frequency bands are more congested than others. The following is a guide and may slightly differ by geographical area:

Frequency Band	Congested
Band I	NO
VHF – Low	NO
VHF – Mid	YES (in some regions)
VHF – High	YES
Band III	NO
UHF-1	YES
UHF-2	YES

Please also note that assignments in UHF1 are subject to geographical limitations with other users of the band. For a full list of the areas available please refer to the TFAC:

http://licensing.ofcom.org.uk/binaries/spectrum/business-radio/technical-information/tfac/ofw164.pdf

F.2 – Analogue or digital

Please tick the appropriate box if the system will be analogue or digital.

F.3 - Number of channels

Please state the number of simplex or duplex channels you require for your system.

F.4 – Channel bandwidth \triangle

Channel bandwidth refers to the width of the radio frequency measured in kilohertz (kHz).

Bandwidth (kHz)	Typical Applications
6.25	DPMR
	Digital Services
12.5 (most common)	Analogue PMR
	DMR
25	TETRA
	Paging

If you intend to use a 2 x 12.5 kHz dual frequency channel, you should tick 12.5 kHz (Not 25kHz). Please refer to the TFAC for a definition of the various technologies:

http://licensing.ofcom.org.uk/binaries/spectrum/business-radio/technical-information/tfac/ofw164.pdf

F.5 - Signalling codes (Colour Codes)

For analogue systems CTCSS is an abbreviation for 'Continuous Tone Controlled Squelch System'. DCS is an abbreviation for 'Digitally Coded Squelch'. These tones/codes are used to reduce the annoyance of listening to other users on a shared two-way radio communications channel.

Where more than one user group is on the same channel, CTCSS/DCS filters out other users if they are using a different CTCSS tone/DCS code or no CTCSS/DCS. Digital systems use access codes to manage different user groups using the same radio channel in the same geographical area.

F.6 - Minimum channel separation

Some trunked radio systems require a minimum frequency separation between each channel that they employ. This minimum frequency separation is measured in kilohertz. For example, if your trunked radio system requires a minimum frequency separation of 8 x 12.5 KHz channels, you should enter 100 in the box provided.

F.7 – Preferred frequencies

Please note, it will not always be possible to provide you with your preferred frequencies or signalling codes.

F.8 - IR2008

For IR2008 applications please contact Ofcom.

F.9 - Modify spectrum

This question allows you to change channel and signalling code details on existing base stations or operational areas. You should provide details of the channel(s)/signalling code(s) that you are currently licensed to use ('Current') and the channel(s)/signalling code(s) that you wish to replace it (or them) with ('Proposed').

If you do not have a preferred replacement channel, you can write the band or tuning range of the replacement channel in the proposed column. If you do not have a preferred replacement signalling code, you can write 'Any' in the proposed column. Please note, it will not always be possible to provide you with your preferred frequencies or signalling codes.

Section G - Remote Control Points (RCP)

Modifying RCPs – Some licensees have multiple base stations and multiple RCPs. In order to help us ensure that we make amendments to the correct RCP, we ask that licensees provide the NGR of the RCP and the base station number that the RCP is associated with.

This section should only be completed for RCPs using Reverse Frequency Working as the control method. RCPs using other control methods, e.g. landline, do not need to be captured. A Remote Control Point is an auxiliary base station used to control the main base station from a separate location. RCPs must use directional antennas with maximum radiation in the direction of the main base station.

In the case of an RCP using reverse frequency working, the main base station is set to talkthrough mode. The RCP transmits on the mobile transmit frequency and this signal is picked up by the main base station and automatically re-transmitted on the base station transmit frequency to other mobile radios.

Section H - Deletions

Some licensees have very complex licences, e.g. they use multiple base stations and multiple channels. In order to help us ensure that we delete the correct elements of the licence, we ask licensees to provide as much information as possible.